

TITLE 8

Health and Sanitation

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Title 8 ► Chapter 1

Health and Sanitation

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Sec. 8-1-1 Rules and Regulations.

The Village Board, acting as Board of Health, may make reasonable and general rules for the enforcement of the provisions of this Chapter and for the prevention of the creation of health nuisances and the protection of the public health and welfare and may, where appropriate, require the issuance of licenses and permits. All such regulations shall have the same effect as ordinances, and any person violating any of such regulations and any lawful order of the Board shall be subject to the general penalty provided for in this Code.

Sec. 8-1-2 Health Nuisances; Abatement of.

- (a) **Defined.** A health nuisance is any source of filth or cause of sickness.
- (b) **Duty to Abate.** The Village Board, acting as the Board of Health, shall abate health nuisances pursuant to Ch. 823, Wis. Stats., which is adopted by reference and made a part of this Section.

State Law Reference: Ch. 823, Wis. Stats.

Sec. 8-1-3 Deposit of Deleterious Substances Prohibited.

No person shall deposit or cause to be deposited in any public street or on any public ground or on any private property not his/her own any refuse, garbage, litter, waste material or liquid or any other objectionable material or liquid. When any such material is placed on the person's own private property, it shall be properly enclosed and covered so as to prevent the same from becoming a public nuisance.

Sec. 8-1-4 Destruction of Noxious Weeds.

- (a) The Village Administrator shall annually on or before May 15th post as required by state law a notice that every person is required by law to destroy all noxious weeds on lands in the Village which he/she owns, occupies or controls. A joint notice with other towns or municipalities may be utilized.
- (b) If the owner or occupant shall neglect to destroy any weeds as required by such notice, then the Weed Commissioner of the Village shall give five (5) days' written notice by mail to the owner or occupant of any lands upon which the weeds shall be growing to the effect that the said Weed Commissioner after the expiration of the five (5) day period will proceed to destroy or cause to be destroyed all such weeds growing upon said lands and that the cost thereof will be assessed as a tax upon the lands upon which such weeds are located under the provisions of Sec. 66.0407, Wis. Stats. In case the owner or occupant shall further neglect to comply within such five (5) day notice, then the Weed Commissioner shall destroy such weeds or cause them to be destroyed in the manner deemed to be the most economical method and the expense thereof, including the cost of billing and other necessary administrative expenses, shall be charged against such lots and be collected as a special tax thereon.
- (c) As provided for in Sec. 66.0407, Wis. Stats., the Village shall require that all noxious weeds shall be destroyed prior to the time in which such plants would mature to the bloom or flower state. The growth of noxious weeds in excess of ten (10) inches in height from the ground surface shall be prohibited within the Village of Butler corporate limits. Noxious weeds shall include any weed, grass or similar plant growth which, if allowed to pollinate, would cause or produce hayfever in human beings or would cause a skin rash through contact with the skin. Noxious weeds, as defined in this Section and in Section 8-1-6, shall include but not be limited to the following:

Cirsium Arvense (Canada Thistle)

Ambrosia artemisiifolia (Common Ragweed)

Ambrosia trifida (Great Ragweed)

Euphorbia esula (Leafy Spurge)

Convolvulus arvensis (Creeping Jenny) (Field Bind Weed)

Tragopogon dubius (Goat's Beard)
Rhus radicans (Poison Ivy)
Cirsium vulgaries (Bull Thistle)
Pastinaca sativa (Wild Parsnip)
Arctium minus (Burdock)
Xanthium strumarium (Cocklebur)
Amaranthus retroflexus (Pigweed)
Chenopodium album (Common Lambsquarter)
Rumex Crispus (Curled Dock)
Cannabis sativa (Hemp)
Plantago lanceolata (English Plantain)

Noxious grasses, as defined in this Section and in Section 8-1-6, shall include but not be limited to the following:

Agrostia alba (Redtop)
Sorghum halepense (Johnson)
Setaria (Foxtail)

Noxious weeds are also the following plants and other rank growth:

Ragweed
Thistles
Smartweed
Dandelions (over 10 inches in height)

State Law Reference: Sec. 66.0407, Wis. Stats.

Sec. 8-1-5 Regulation of Natural Lawns.

- (a) **Natural Lawns Defined.** Natural lawn as used in this Section shall include common species of grass and wild flowers native to North America which are designed and purposely cultivated to exceed ten (10) inches in height from the ground. Specifically excluded in natural lawns are the noxious grasses and weeds identified in Section 8-1-4 of this Chapter. The growth of a natural lawn in excess of ten (10) inches in height from the ground surface shall be prohibited within the Village of Butler corporate limits unless a Natural Lawn Management Plan is approved and a permit is issued by the Village as set forth in this Section. Natural lawns shall not contain litter or debris and shall not harbor undesirable wildlife.

(b) **Natural Lawn Management Plan Defined.**

- (1) Natural Lawn Management Plan as used in this Section shall mean a written plan relating to the management and maintenance of a lawn which contains a legal description of lawn upon which the planted grass will exceed ten (10) inches in length, a statement of intent and purpose for the lawn, a detailed description of the vegetational types, plants and plant succession involved, and the specific management and maintenance techniques to be employed.
- (2)
 - a. Property owners who wish to plant and cultivate a natural lawn must submit their written plan and related information to the Village. "Property Owner" shall be defined to include the legal title holder and/or the beneficial owner of any such lot according to most current Village records. Natural Lawn Management Plans shall only indicate the planting and cultivating of natural lawns on property legally owned by the property owner.
 - b. Applicants are strictly prohibited from developing a natural lawn on any Village-owned property including street rights-of-way. This shall include at a minimum property located between the sidewalk and the street or a strip not less than ten (10) feet adjacent to the street where there is no sidewalk whether the area is under public or private ownership.
- (3) In addition, natural lawns shall not be permitted within ten (10) feet of the abutting property owner's property unless waived in writing by the abutting property owner on the side so affected. Such waiver is to be affixed to the Lawn Management Plan. Such waiver may be revoked, in writing, by the abutting property owner at a later time, a copy to be filed with the permittee and the Village Administrator.
- (4) Any subsequent property owner who abuts an approved natural lawn may revoke the waiver thereby requiring the owner of the natural lawn to remove the natural lawn that is located in the ten (10) foot section abutting the neighboring property owner. Such revocation shall be put in writing and presented to the Village Administrator by the subsequent abutting property owner. Upon receiving the written request to revoke the original waiver, the Village Board shall contact the owner of the approved natural lawn and direct the owner to remove the natural lawn located in the ten (10) foot section abutting the neighboring property owner. The Village Board shall revise the approved Natural Lawn Management Permit accordingly. The owner of the approved natural lawn shall be required to remove the ten (10) foot section abutting the neighboring property owner within twenty (20) days of receipt of the written notification from the Village provided the notification is received sometime between May 1 and November 1. Property owners who receive notification from the Village between November 1 and April 30 shall be required to remove the ten (10) foot section abutting the neighboring property owner no later than May 20 following receipt of the notification.

(c) **Application Process.**

- (1) Property owners interested in applying for permission to establish a natural lawn shall file an application with the Village Administrator. The completed application shall

include a Natural Lawn Management Plan. Upon submitting a completed application, a non-refundable filing fee as prescribed in Section 1-3-1 will be assessed by the Village. Upon receiving payment, copies of the completed application shall be mailed by the Village to each of the owners of record, as listed in the Office of the Village Assessor, who are owners of the property situated wholly or in part within three hundred (300) feet of the boundaries of the properties for which the application is made. If within fifteen (15) calendar days of mailing the copies of the complete application to the neighboring property owners the Village receives written objections from fifty-one percent (51%) or more of the neighboring property owners, the Village Administrator shall deny the application. Neighboring property owners shall be defined as all those property owners who are located within three hundred (300) feet of the proposed natural lawn site.

- (2) If the property owner's application is in full compliance with the Natural Lawn Management Plan requirements and less than fifty-one percent (51%) of the neighboring property owners provide written objections, the Village Administrator shall issue permission to install a natural lawn. Such permit shall be valid for two (2) years. Permit renewals shall follow the procedures in this Section.
- (d) **Application For Appeal.** The property owner may appeal the Administrator's decision to deny the natural lawn permit request to the Village Board at an open meeting. All applications for appeal shall be submitted within fifteen (15) calendar days of the notice of denial of the Natural Lawn Management Plan. The decision rendered by the Village Board shall be final and binding.
- (e) **Safety Precautions For Natural Grass Areas.** When, in the opinion of the Fire Chief of the Department serving the Village of Butler, the presence of a natural lawn may constitute a fire or safety hazard due to weather and/or other conditions, the Fire Chief may order the cutting of natural lawns to a safe condition. As a condition of receiving approval of the natural lawn permit, the property owner shall be required to cut the natural lawn within the three (3) days upon receiving written direction from the Fire Chief.
- (f) **Revocation Of An Approved Natural Lawn Management Plan Permit.** The Village President, upon the recommendation of the Weed Commissioner, shall have the authority to revoke an approved Natural Lawn Management Plan Permit if the owner fails to maintain the natural lawn or comply with the provisions set forth in this Section. Notice of intent to revoke an approved Natural Lawn Management Plan Permit shall be appealable to the Village Board. All applications for appeal shall be submitted within fifteen (15) calendar days of receipt of the written Notice of Intent to revoke the approved Natural Lawn Management Plan. Failure to file an application for appeal within the fifteen (15) calendar days shall result in the revoking of the Natural Lawn Management Plan Permit. All written applications for appeal filed within the fifteen (15) calendar day requirement shall be reviewed by the Village Board in an open meeting. The decision rendered by the Village Board shall be final and binding.

(g) **Public Nuisance Defined — Abatement After Notice.**

- (1) The growth of a natural lawn as defined in this Section shall be considered a public nuisance unless a Natural Lawn Management Plan has been filed and approved and a permit is issued by the Village as set forth in this Section. Violators shall be served with a notice of public nuisance by certified mail to the last-known mailing address of the property owner.
- (2) If the person so served with a notice of public nuisance violation does not abate the nuisance within ten (10) days, the Enforcement Officer may proceed to abate such nuisance, keeping an account of the expense of the abatement, and such expense shall be charged to and paid by such property owner. Notice of the bill for abatement of the public nuisance shall be mailed to the owner of the premises and shall be payable within ten (10) calendar days from receipt thereof. Within sixty (60) days after such costs and expenses are incurred and remain unpaid, the Village Administrator shall enter those charges onto the tax roll as a special tax as provided by State statute.
- (3) The failure of the Village Administrator to record such claim or to mail such notice or the failure of the owner to receive such notice shall not affect the right to place the Village expense on the tax rolls for unpaid bills for abating the public nuisance as provided for in this Section.

(h) **Penalty.**

- (1) Any person, firm or corporation which does not abate the nuisance within the required time period or who otherwise violates the provisions of this Section shall be subject to the general penalty found in Section 1-1-6.
- (2) In addition to any penalties herein provided, the Village may issue stop work orders upon owners of lots where work is unfinished under a previously issued building permit for any violation of this Section.

Sec. 8-1-6 Regulation of Length of Lawn and Grasses.

- (a) **Purpose.** This Section is adopted due to the unique nature of the problems associated with lawns, grasses and noxious weeds being allowed to grow to excessive length in the Village of Butler.
- (b) **Public Nuisance Declared.** The Village Board finds that lawns, grasses and noxious weeds on non-agricultural lots or parcels of land, as classified under the Village Zoning Code, within the Village of Butler which exceed ten (10) inches in length adversely affect the public health and safety of the public in that they tend to emit pollen and other discomforting bits of plants, constitute a fire hazard and a safety hazard in that debris can be hidden in the grass, interferes with the public convenience and adversely affects property values of other land within the Village. For that reason, any non-agricultural lawn, grass or weed on a lot or other parcel of land which exceeds ten (10) inches in length is hereby declared to be a public nuisance, except for property located in a designated floodplain area

and/or wetland area or where the lawn, grass or weed is part of a natural lawn approved pursuant to Section 8-1-5 above.

- (c) **Nuisances Prohibited.** No person, firm or corporation shall permit any public nuisance as defined in Subsection (b) above to remain on any premises owned or controlled by him/her within the Village.
- (d) **Inspection.** The Weed Commissioner or his/her designee shall inspect or cause to be inspected all premises and places within the Village to determine whether any public nuisance as defined in Subsection (b) above exists.
- (e) **Abatement of Nuisance.**
 - (1) If the Weed Commissioner shall determine with reasonable certainty that any public nuisance as defined in Subsection (b) above exists, the Weed Commissioner shall immediately cause written notice to be served that the Village proposes to have the lot grass or lawn cut so as to conform with this Section and Section 8-1-5.
 - (2) The notice shall be mailed or served on the owner of the lot or parcel of land or, if he/she is not known and there is a tenant occupying the property, then to the tenant.
- (f) **Due Process Hearing.** If the owner believes that his/her grasses or weeds are not a nuisance, he/she may request a hearing before the Village Board. The request for said hearing must be made in writing to the Village Administrator's office within the five (5) days set forth in the Weed Commissioner's notice. Upon application for the hearing, the property owner must deposit a Twenty-five Dollar (\$25.00) bond. If a decision is rendered in the property owner's favor, the Twenty-five Dollars (\$25.00) will be returned to the property owner. If the property owner fails to appear for the hearing or if the decision is rendered against the property owner, the deposit shall be forfeited and applied to the cost of Village personnel abating the nuisance, if necessary. When a hearing is requested by the owner of the property, a hearing by the Village Board shall be held within seven (7) days from the date of the owner's request. The property in question will not be mowed by the Village until such time as the hearing is held by the Village Board. At the hearing, the owner may appear in person or by his/her attorney, may present witnesses in his/her own behalf and may cross-examine witnesses presented by the Village as well as subpoena witnesses for his/her own case. At the close of the hearing, the Village Board shall make its determination in writing specifying its findings, facts, and conclusions. If the Village Board determines that a public nuisance did exist, the Village Board shall order the Weed Commissioner to mow the property in question unless the property has been mowed by the owner within forty-eight (48) hours of the Village Board's decision. If the owner does not abate the nuisance within the described forty-eight (48) hours, the Weed Commissioner shall cause the same nuisance to be abated and cost in excess of the forfeited fee assessed accordingly.
- (g) **Village's Option To Abate Nuisance.** In any case where the owner, occupant or person in charge of the property shall fail to cut his/her lawn, grass or weeds as set forth above, then, and in that event, the Village may elect to cut said lawn, grass or weeds as follows:

- (1) The written notice required in Subsection (e) shall inform said person that in the event of his/her failure to abate the nuisance within the prescribed time, the Village shall abate the same and the cost thereof shall be assessed to the property owner as a special charge.
- (2) The Village shall cut or cause to be cut all grass and weeds from the subject's property and shall charge the expenses of so doing at a rate as established by the Village Board, with a minimum charge of Fifty Dollars (\$50.00). The charges shall be set forth in a statement to the Village Administrator who, in turn, shall mail the same to the owner, occupant or person in charge of the subject premises. If said statement is not paid in full within thirty (30) days thereafter, the Village Administrator shall enter the charges in the tax roll as a special tax against said lot or parcel of land, and the same shall be collected in all respects like other taxes upon real estate, or as provided under Sec. 66.0627, Wis. Stats.

Sec. 8-1-7 Compulsory Connection to Village Sewer and Water System.

- (a) **When Required.** Whenever a sewer or watermain becomes available to any building used for human habitation, the owner of the property upon which the building is located shall connect the building to such main or mains in the manner prescribed by law, except the Village Board may defer connection to such water or sewer main or mains for those properties which have existing operable septic systems or wells or whose construction was permitted by the Village of Butler.
- (b) **Notice.** Whenever a sewer or watermain becomes available to any building used for human habitation, the Building Inspector or Plumbing Inspector shall notify the owner or his/her agent in writing by registered mail addressed to the last known address of the owner or his/her agent.
- (c) **Building Inspector May Cause Connection at Expense of Owner.** If the owner or his/her agent fails to comply with the notice of the Building Inspector or Plumbing Inspector within ten (10) days of service or mailing thereof, the Building Inspector or Plumbing Inspector may cause connection to be made and the expense thereof shall be assessed as a special charge against the property.
- (d) **Privies, Cesspools, Etc., Prohibited After Connection With Sewer.** After connection of any building used for human habitation to a sewer main, no privy, cesspool or waterless toilet shall be used in connection with such human habitation.

Sec. 8-1-8 Unhealthy, Hazardous or Unsightly Materials on Public or Private Property.

- (a) **Inspections.**
 - (1) Whenever the Building Inspector, Fire Inspector or other authorized Village official shall, upon inspection of any premises within the Village of Butler find that there is

deposited, placed, stored or remaining on said premises any garbage, junk, rubbish, rubble, trash, abandoned, construction materials, rotting yard and orchard waste, merchandise or parts, accumulation of grease or food wastes in a grease trap or other place or depository which presents a risk of clogging or blocking a sewer system, or any other unhealthy, hazardous or unsightly materials or thing which create a fire or health hazard, or which is detrimental to the appearance, neatness and cleanliness of the immediate neighborhood or the Village of Butler in general, such official shall issue his/her written order to the owner and/or occupant of the premises to remove said garbage, junk, rubbish, rubble or trash, abandoned, outmoded, or non-salable merchandise or parts, construction materials, rotting yard and orchard waste, accumulation of grease or food wastes in a grease trap or other place or depository which presents a risk of clogging or blocking a sewer system, or other unhealthy, hazardous or unsightly materials or things.

- (2) Said written order shall provide that such removal shall be accomplished within ten (10) days after service of said order upon the owner or occupant of the premises involved. Such written order, in addition to specifying and describing the material or things to be removed, shall also set forth on the face thereof the provisions of Subsection (b).
- (3) Prosecution of violators under this Section shall not preclude other enforcement actions allowed by law, including other actions under this Code of Ordinances.
- (b) **Appeal.** Any person feeling himself/herself aggrieved by any order of a Village official under this Section may, within ten (10) days from the date of receipt of such order, appeal such order to the Village Board.
- (c) **Exceptions.** Nothing contained in this Section shall be construed to prohibit the depositing of rubbish, rubble, junk, trash, abandoned, outmoded or nonsalable merchandise or parts or unsightly materials or things which are:
 - (1) Lawfully sited pursuant to the Village Zoning Code and operated in a manner not constituting a nuisance; or
 - (2) Temporarily deposited due to an emergency; or
 - (3) Materials during construction; or
 - (4) Collected and piled for immediate pickup and disposal by the Village or by private means.
- (d) **Nonconforming Uses.** It shall not be a defense to the provisions of this Section that the owner or occupant of the premises involved has a nonconforming use under the provisions of the Village Zoning Code, but the provisions of this Section shall be complied with notwithstanding that the owner or occupant of any given premises is using or occupying such premises under a valid nonconforming use.

Cross-Reference: Section 10-5-8.

Sec. 8-1-9 Rodent Control.

- (a) **Definitions.** The following definitions shall be applicable in this Section:
- (1) **Owner or Manager.** Whenever any person or persons shall be in actual possession of or have charge, care or control of any property within the Village, as executor, administrator, trustee, guardian or agent, such person or persons shall be deemed and taken to be the owner or owners of such property within the true intent and meaning of this Section and shall be bound to comply with the provisions of this Section to the same extent as the owner, and notice to any such person of any order or decision of the Building Inspector or his/her designee shall be deemed and taken to be a good and sufficient notice, as if such person or persons were actually the owner or owners of such property, except that whenever an entire premises or building is occupied as a place of business, such as a store, factory, warehouse, rooming house, junk yard, lumber yard or any other business under a single management, the person, firm or corporation in charge of such business shall be considered the owner or manager.
 - (2) **A Rodent-Proof Container** shall be a container constructed of concrete or metal, or the container shall be lined with metal or other material that is impervious to rodents, and openings into the container such as doors shall be tight-fitting to prevent the entrance of rodents.
 - (3) **Rodent-Proofing** shall consist of closing openings in building foundations and openings under and around doors, windows, vents and other places which could provide means of entry for rodents, with concrete, sheet iron, hardware cloth or other types of rodent-proofing material approved by the Village.
 - (4) **Rodent Harborage.** Any place where rodents can live and nest without fear of frequent molestation or disturbance.
 - (5) **Hardware Cloth.** Wire screening of such thickness and spacing as to afford reasonable protection against the entrance of rodents.
- (b) **Elimination of Rodent Harborage.** Whenever accumulations of rubbish, boxes, lumber, scrap metal, car bodies or any other materials provide rodent harborage, the person, firm or corporation owning or in control of such materials shall cause the materials to be removed or the materials shall be stored so as to eliminate the rodent harborage. Lumber boxes and similar materials shall be neatly piled. These piles shall be raised at least a foot above the ground. When the owner of the materials cannot be found after a reasonable search, the owner or manager of the premises on which the materials are stored shall be responsible for disposal, or proper piling, of the materials.
- (c) **Elimination of Rodent-Feeding Places.** No person, firm or corporation shall place, or allow to accumulate, any materials that may serve as a food for rodents in a site accessible to rodents. Any waste material that may serve as food for rodents shall be stored in rodent-proof containers. Feed for birds shall be placed on raised platforms, or such feed shall be placed where it is not accessible to rodents.

- (d) **Extermination.** Whenever rodent holes, burrows or other evidence of rodent infestation are found on any premises or in any building within the Village, it shall be the duty of the owner or manager of such property to exterminate the rodents or to cause the rodents to be exterminated. Within ten (10) days after extermination, the owner or manager shall cause all of the rodent holes or burrows in the ground to be filled with earth or other suitable material.
- (e) **Rodent-Proofing.** It shall be the duty of the owner or manager of any building in the Village of Butler to make such building reasonably rodent-proof, to replace broken basement windows and, when necessary, to cover the basement window openings with hardware cloth or other suitable material for preventing rodents from entering the building through such window openings.

Sec. 8-1-10 Composting Regulations.

- (a) **Purpose and Intent.** The purpose of this Section is to promote the recycling of yard wastes and certain kitchen wastes through composting and to establish minimum standards for proper compost maintenance.
- (b) **Definitions.** "Composting" shall mean the organic waste produced from the growing, trimming, and removal of grass, branches [not exceeding one (1) inch in diameter] bushes, shrubs, plants, leaves and garden debris. Kitchen waste shall be any uncooked plant matter not contaminated by or containing meat, fish and/or dairy products.
- (c) **Maintenance.** All compost piles shall be maintained using approved composting procedures to comply with the following requirements:
 - (1) All compost piles shall be enclosed in a free standing compost bin. Each compost bin shall be no larger in volume than one hundred twenty-five (125) cubic feet, and shall be no taller than forty-two (42) inches.
 - (2) All compost bins shall be so maintained as to prevent the attraction or harborage of rodents and pests. The presence of rodents in or near a compost bin shall be cause for the Village to proceed under Section 8-1-9.
 - (3) All compost bins shall be so maintained as to prevent unpleasant odors.
 - (4) No compost bin shall be allowed to deteriorate to such condition as to be a blighting influence on the surrounding property or neighborhood or the Village in general.
 - (5)
 - a. All compost bins shall be located not less than three (3) feet from a property line or principal building or dwelling and three (3) feet from any detached accessory building.
 - b. A variance from these setback requirements may be applied for if the property owner(s) can show a hardship exists which prohibits compliance. In addition, any variance application must include a signed written approval of the variance request from the adjacent property owner(s). Variances can be granted by the

Building Inspector on an annual basis upon the proper application being submitted by the property owner(s). Screening and/or fencing of compost bins may be required as a condition of a variance being granted.

- (6) No compost bin shall be located in any yard except a rear yard, as defined in the Village Zoning Code. A compost bin may be located in a side yard as defined in the Village Zoning Code subject to the annual variance procedure contained in Subsections (c)(5)b and must be screened from view to the street.
- (7) Those Composting bins which existed prior to the adoption of this Section shall be given one (1) year to comply with the requirements set forth herein.
- (d) **Ingredients.**
 - (1) No compost bin shall contain any of the following:
 - a. Lakeweeds;
 - b. Cooked food scraps of any kind or type;
 - c. Fish, meat or other animal products;
 - d. Manures;
 - e. Large items that will impede the Composting process.
 - (2) Permitted ingredients in a compost bin shall include the following:
 - a. Yard waste;
 - b. Coffee grounds and used tea leaves;
 - c. Uncooked plant matter not contaminated by or containing meat, fish, and/or dairy products;
 - d. Commercial compost additives.
- (e) **Owner Responsibility.** Every owner or operator shall be responsible for maintaining all property under his or her control in accordance with the requirements of this Section.
- (f) **Municipal Exception.** Any municipal composting site maintained by the Village shall be exempt from the provisions of this Section.

Sec. 8-1-11 Discharge of Clear Waters.

- (a) **Discharge.** No person shall cause, allow or permit any roof drain, surface drain, subsoil drain, drain from any mechanical device, gutter, ditch, pipe, conduit, sump pump or any other object or thing used for the purposes of collecting, conducting, transporting, diverting, draining or discharging clear water from any part of any private premises owned or occupied by said person to discharge into a sanitary sewer.
- (b) **Nuisance.** The discharge into a sanitary sewer from any roof drain, surface drain, subsoil drain, drain from any mechanical device, gutter, ditch, pipe, conduit, sump pump or any other object or thing used for the purposes of collecting, conducting, transporting, diverting, draining or discharging clear water from any part of any private premises is hereby declared to be a public nuisance and a hazard to the health, safety and well-being of the residents of the Village and to the protection of the property.

- (c) **Groundwater.** Where deemed necessary by the Village Board, every house shall have a sump pump installed for the purpose of discharging clear waters from foundation drains and ground infiltration and where the building is not serviced by a storm sewer shall either discharge into an underground conduit leading to a drainage ditch, gutter, dry well or shall discharge onto the ground surface in such other manner as will not constitute a nuisance as defined herein.
- (d) **Storm Water.** All roof drains, surface drains, drains from any mechanical device, gutters, pipe, conduits or any other objects or things used for the purpose of collecting, conducting, transporting, diverting, draining or discharging storm waters shall be discharged either to a storm sewer, a dry well, an underground conduit leading to a drainage ditch or onto the ground surface in such other manner as will not constitute a nuisance as defined herein.
- (e) **Storm Sewer Lateral.** Where municipal storm sewers are provided and it is deemed necessary by the property owner and/or the Village to discharge clear waters from a parcel of land, a storm sewer lateral shall be installed and connected to the storm sewer main at the expense of the owner.
- (f) **Conducting Tests.** If a designated Village agent suspects an illegal clear water discharge as defined by this Chapter or by any other applicable provision of the Wisconsin Administrative Code as it may, from time to time, be amended, he/she may, upon reasonable notice and at reasonable times, enter the private premises where such illegal clear water discharge is suspected and conduct appropriate tests to determine whether such suspected illegal clear water discharge actually exists. In addition, Village inspectors may inspect for illegal clear water discharges as a part of a routine inspection without cause.

Sec. 8-1-12 Regulation of Nuisance-Type Businesses.

- (a) **Permit Required.** No person shall conduct within the Village any business which has a tendency to create a public nuisance, except upon permit issued by the Village Board and subject to such conditions as they may impose.
- (b) **Definition.** A business which has a tendency to create a public nuisance is one which unless properly regulated may create conditions creating a public nuisance as defined in Title 11, Chapter 6 of this Code of Ordinances. A "junk yard" is a public nuisance and may not be maintained within the Village. The following businesses are public nuisances if maintained within five hundred (500) feet of a residence, church or school house: stables, riding academies dog kennels, tanneries, slaughterhouses or commercial greenhouses.

Title 8 ► Chapter 2

Pollution Abatement

- 8-2-1** Cleanup of Spilled or Accidentally Discharged Wastes
- 8-2-2** Storage of Polluting Substances

Sec. 8-2-1 Cleanup of Spilled or Accidentally Discharged Wastes.

- (a) **Cleanup Required.** All persons, firms, or corporations delivering, hauling, disposing, storing, discharging or otherwise handling potentially polluting substances, solid or liquid, such as, but not limited to, the following: fuel oil, gasoline, solvents, industrial liquids or fluids, milk, grease trap and septic tank wastes, sewage sludge, sanitary sewer wastes, storm sewer catch-basin wastes, oil or petroleum wastes, shall immediately clean up any such spilled material to prevent its becoming a hazard to health or safety or directly or indirectly causing pollution to the lakes and streams under the jurisdiction of the Village.
- (b) **Notification.** Spills or accidental release of hazardous materials or pollutants at a site or of a quantity or nature that cannot adequately be cleaned up by the responsible party or parties shall be immediately reported to the Village Administrator so that assistance can be given by the proper agency.
- (c) **Financial Liability.** The party or parties responsible for the release, escape or discharge of wastes shall be held financially liable for the cost of any cleanup or attempted cleanup deemed necessary or desirable and undertaken by the Village, or its designated agent, in an effort to minimize the pollutorial effects of the discharged waste.

Sec. 8-2-2 Storage of Polluting Substances.

It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to store any potentially polluting substances unless such substances are stored in such manner as to securely prevent them from escaping onto the ground surface and/or into any street, sewer, ditch or drainageway, lake or stream within the jurisdiction of the Village of Butler.

Title 8 ► Chapter 3

Recycling and Refuse Collection

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Sec. 8-3-1 General Provisions.

- (a) **Title.** The title of this Chapter is the Recycling Ordinance for the Village of Butler.
- (b) **Purpose.** The purpose of this Chapter is to promote recycling, composting, and resource recovery through the administration of an effective recycling program, as provided in Sec. 159.11, Wis. Stats., and Ch. NR544, Wis. Adm. Code.
- (c) **Statutory Authority.** This Chapter is adopted as authorized under Sec. 159.09(3)(b), Wis. Stats.
- (d) **Abrogation and Greater Restrictions.** It is not intended by this Chapter to repeal, abrogate, annul, impair or interfere with any existing rules, regulations, ordinances or permits previously adopted or issued pursuant to law. However, whenever this Chapter imposes greater restrictions, the provisions of this Chapter shall apply.
- (e) **Interpretation.** In their interpretation and application, the provisions of this Chapter shall be held to be the minimum requirements and shall not be deemed a limitation or repeal of

any other power granted by Wisconsin Statutes. Where any terms or requirements of this Chapter may be inconsistent or conflicting, the more restrictive requirements or interpretation shall apply. Where a provision of this Chapter is required by Wisconsin Statutes, or by a standard in Ch. NR544, Wis. Adm. Code, and where the ordinance provision is unclear, the provision shall be interpreted in light of the Wisconsin Statutes and the Ch. NR544 standards in effect on the date of the adoption of this Chapter, or in effect on the date of the most recent text amendment to this Chapter.

- (f) **Applicability.** The requirements of this Chapter apply to all persons within the Village of Butler.
- (g) **Administration.** The provisions of this Chapter shall be administered by the Village of Butler Village Board, and its designees.

Sec. 8-3-2 Definitions.

- (a) For the purpose of this Chapter:
 - (1) **Aluminum cans** shall include used beverage cans only.
 - (2) **Bi-metal container** means a container for carbonated or malt beverages that is made primarily of a combination of steel and aluminum.
 - (3) **Collector** means the contractor selected by the Village to collect solid waste.
 - (4) **Container board** means corrugated paperboard used in the manufacture of shipping containers and related products.
 - (5) **Container glass** shall include container glass only. "Glass" does not include ceramic cups, dishes, ovenware, plate glass, safety and window glass, heat resistant glass such as pyrex, lead-based glass such as crystal, or TV tubes.
 - (6) **Corrugated cardboard** shall include corrugated cardboard only; it does not include waxed cardboard or chipboard such as cereal boxes, shoe boxes, and similar materials.
 - (7) **Foam polystyrene packaging** means packaging made primarily from foam polystyrene that satisfies one (1) of the following criteria:
 - a. Is designed for serving food or beverages.
 - b. Consists of loose particles intended to fill space and cushion the packaged article in a shipping container.
 - c. Consists of rigid materials shaped to hold and cushion the packaged article in a shipping container.
 - (8) **Garbage** means and includes all waste resulting from the use, preparation, cooking or consumption of food.
 - (9) **Hazardous waste** means any substance or combination of substances, including any waste of a solid, semisolid, or gaseous form, which may cause or significantly contribute to an increase in mortality or an increase in serious irreversible or incapacitating reversible illness or which may pose a substantial present or potential

hazard to human health or environment because of its quantity, concentration or physical, chemical or infectious characteristics. This term includes but it not limited to, substances which are toxic, corrosive, flammable, irritants, strong sensitizers or explosives as determined by the Village.

- (10) **HDPE** means high density polyethylene, labeled by the SPI Code #2.
- (11) **LDPE** means low density polyethylene, labeled by the SPI Code #4.
- (12) **Magazines** means magazines and other materials printed on similar paper.
- (13) **Major appliance** means a residential or commercial air conditioner, clothes dryer, clothes washer, dishwasher, freezer, oven, refrigerator or stove, residential and commercial furnaces, boilers, dehumidifiers and water heaters, and allowing the disposal of microwaves if the capacitor has been removed.
- (14) **Mixed papers** shall include all grades of papers, including: white, colored, ledger, shiny, coated, carbonless or NCR papers; envelopes, including windowed, labeled, and kraft; magazines, phone books, computer printout paper, glued pads and tablets, file folders, key punch cards, post-it notes, spiral notebooks, cereal boxes, shoe boxes, etc.; can include paper clips and staples; does not include hand towels or other paper products from restrooms, or soiled napkins and paper plates; also does not include carbon paper, cellophane, or any waxed paper.
- (15) **Multiple-family dwelling** means a property containing five (5) or more residential units, including those which are occupied seasonally.
- (16) **Newspapers** shall include newspapers and newspaper advertisements printed on newsprint, but does not include catalogues, magazines, cardboard, or other paper products.
- (17) **Non-recyclable material** means any material other than a recyclable material and includes garbage, rubbish and other solid waste, including but not limited to ashes, plastic material other than the type included within recyclable materials, ceramics, broken glass of all types, window glass, styrofoam, Pyrex, light bulbs, mirrors, china, waxed paper, waxed cardboard, furniture, carpeting, used clothing and other materials not defined as recyclable materials for purposes of this Chapter.
- (18) **Non-residential facilities and properties** means commercial, retail, industrial, institutional and governmental facilities and properties. This term does not include multiple family dwellings.
- (19) **Office paper** means high grade printing and writing papers from offices in non-residential facilities and properties. Printed white ledger and computer printout are examples of office paper generally accepted as high grade. This term does not include industrial process waste.
- (20) **Other resins or multiple resins** means plastic resins labeled by the SPI Code #7.
- (21) **Person** includes any individual, corporation, partnership, association, local governmental unit, as defined in Sec. 66.0131(1)(a), Wis. Stats., state agency or authority or federal agency.,

- (22) **PETE** means polyethylene terephthalate, labeled by the SPI Code #1.
- (23) **Plastic bottles** shall include only plastic bottles clearly marked with the recycling emblem, encircling the #1 (PET or PETE) or the #2 (HDPE); does not include motor oil bottles, even if they are labeled #1 or #2.
- (24) **Postconsumer waste** means solid waste other than solid waste generated in the production of goods, hazardous waste, as defined in Sec. 144.61(5), Wis. Stats., waste from construction and demolition of structures, scrap automobiles, or high-volume industrial waste, as defined in Sec. 144.44(7)(a)1., Wis. Stats.
- (25) **PP** means polypropylene, labeled by the SPI Code #5.
- (26) **PS** means polystyrene, labeled by the SPI Code #6.
- (27) **PVC** means polyvinyl chloride, labeled by the SPI Code #3.
- (28) **Recyclable material** includes lead acid batteries, major appliances, waste oil, yard waste, aluminum containers, corrugated paper and other container board, glass containers, magazines, newspapers, office paper, rigid plastic containers including those of PETE and HDPE, steel containers, waste tires and bi-metal containers.
- (29) **Recyclable plastic** generally means high density polyethylene and polyethylene terephthalate plastic containers and specifically means any plastic containers described as recyclable on the list maintained at the office of the Village Administrator, which list is incorporated herein by reference and is subject to revision and updating at any time.
- (30) **Solid waste** has the meaning specified in Sec. 144.01(15), Wis. Stats.
- (31) **Solid waste facility** has the meaning specified in Sec. 144.43(5), Wis. Stats.
- (32) **Solid waste treatment** means any method, technique or process which is designed to change the physical, chemical or biological character or composition of solid waste. "Treatment" includes incineration.
- (33) **Tin cans** shall include tin coated metal cans, and steel containers.
- (34) **Waste tire** means a tire that is no longer suitable for its original purpose because of wear, damage or defect.
- (35) **Yard waste** means leaves, grass clippings, yard and garden debris and brush, including clean woody vegetative material no greater than six (6) inches in diameter. This term does not include stumps, roots or shrubs with intact root balls.

Sec. 8-3-3 Separation of Recyclable Materials.

- (a) **Recyclables.** Occupants of single family and two to four unit residences, multiple family dwellings and non-residential facilities and properties shall separate the following materials from postconsumer waste:
 - (1) Lead acid batteries.
 - (2) Major appliances.
 - (3) Waste oil.

- (4) Yard waste.
 - (5) Aluminum containers.
 - (6) Bi-metal containers.
 - (7) Corrugated paper and other container board.
 - (8) Foam polystyrene packaging.
 - (9) Glass containers.
 - (10) Magazines.
 - (11) Newspaper.
 - (12) Office paper.
 - (13) Rigid plastic containers made of PETE, HDPE, PVC, PP, PS and other resins or multiple-resins.
 - (14) Steel containers.
 - (15) Waste tires.
- (b) **Exemptions.** The Village Board reserves the right to designate additional solid waste materials as recyclable or currently collected materials as no longer recyclable in accordance with state law and to either add or delete them from any collection services provided by the Village of Butler. The Village Administrator shall provide notice to its service recipients of this declaration through official posting.

Sec. 8-3-4 Separation Requirements Exempted.

The separation requirements of Section 8-3-3 do not apply to the following:

- (a) Occupants of single family and two (2) to four (4) unit residences, multiple-family dwellings and non-residential facilities and properties that send their postconsumer waste to a processing facility licensed by the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources that recovers the materials specified in Section 8-3-3 from solid waste in as pure a form as is technically feasible.
- (b) Solid waste which is burned as a supplemental fuel at a facility if less than thirty percent (30%) of the heat input to the facility is derived from the solid waste burned as supplemental fuel.
- (c) A recyclable material specified in Section 8-3-3(a) for which a variance has been granted by the Department of Natural Resources under Sec. 159.11(2m), Wis. Stats., or NR544.14, Wis. Adm. Code.

Sec. 8-3-5 Care of Separated Recyclable Materials.

To the greatest extent practicable, the recyclable materials separated in accordance with Section 8-3-3 shall be clean and kept free of contaminants such as food or product residue, oil or grease,

or other non-recyclable materials, including but not limited to household hazardous waste, medical waste, and agricultural chemical containers. Recyclable materials shall be stored in a manner which protects them from wind, rain, and other inclement weather conditions.

Sec. 8-3-6 Management of Lead Acid Batteries, Major Appliances, Waste Oil and Yard Waste.

Occupants of single family and two (2) to four (4) unit residences, multiple-family dwellings and non-residential facilities and properties shall manage lead acid batteries, major appliances, waste oil and yard waste as follows:

- (a) Lead acid batteries shall be taken to a vehicle battery retailer or otherwise properly disposed of.
- (b) Major appliances shall be taken by contractor at a special pick-up rate or otherwise properly disposed of. Microwave ovens with capacitor removed are exempt from this requirement.
- (c) Waste oil shall be taken to a public collection site or otherwise properly disposed of.
- (d) Yard waste shall be taken by contractor if person signs agreement with contractor for pick-up or otherwise properly disposed of.

Sec. 8-3-7 Preparation and Collection of Recyclable Materials.

Except as directed by the Village Board, occupants of single family and two (2) to four (4) unit residences shall do the following for the preparation and collection of the separated materials specified in Section 8-3-3(a)(5)-(15):

- (a) Aluminum containers shall be emptied and placed in recycling bin.
- (b) Bi-metal containers shall be emptied, rinsed and placed in recycling bin.
- (c) Corrugated paper or other container board shall be flattened with a maximum size of three (3) foot by four (4) foot and placed in recycling bin.
- (d) Foam polystyrene packaging shall be placed and sealed in a brown paper bag and recycled.
- (e) Glass containers shall be emptied and placed in recycling bin.
- (f) Magazines shall be bundled or placed in a brown paper bag and placed on top of recycling bin.
- (g) Newspapers shall be bundled or placed in a brown paper bag and placed on top of recycling bin.
- (h) Office paper shall be bundled or placed in a brown paper bag and placed on top of recycling bin.
- (i) Rigid plastic containers shall be prepared and collected as follows:
 - (1) Plastic containers made of PETE shall be emptied, rinsed, cap removed and placed in recycling bin.

- (2) Plastic containers made of HDPE shall be emptied, rinsed, cap removed and placed in recycling bin.
- (3) Plastic containers made of PVC shall be emptied, rinsed, cap removed and placed in recycling bin and recycled beginning January 1, 1996.
- (4) Plastic containers made of LDPE shall be emptied, rinsed, cap removed and placed in recycling bin and recycled beginning January 1, 1996.
- (5) Plastic containers made of PP shall be emptied, rinsed, cap removed and placed in recycling bin and recycled beginning January 1, 1996.
- (6) Plastic containers made of PS shall be emptied, rinsed, cap removed and placed in recycling bin and recycled beginning January 1, 1996.
- (7) Plastic containers made of resins or multiple resins shall be emptied, rinsed, cap removed and placed in recycling bin and recycled beginning January 1, 1996.
- (j) Steel containers shall be emptied, rinsed, cap removed and placed in recycling bin.
- (k) Waste tires shall be taken by contractor at a special pick-up rate, or otherwise be properly disposed of.

Sec. 8-3-8 Responsibilities of Owners or Designated Agents of Multiple-Family Dwellings.

- (a) Owners or designated agents of multiple-family dwellings shall do all of the following to recycle the materials specified in Section 8-3-3(a)(5) through (15).
 - (1) Provide adequate, separate containers for the recyclable materials.
 - (2) Notify tenants in writing at the time of renting or leasing the dwelling and at least semi-annually thereafter about the established recycling program.
 - (3) Provide for the collection of the materials separated from the solid waste by the tenants and the delivery of the materials to a recycling facility.
 - (4) Notify tenants of reasons to reduce and recycle solid waste, which materials in order to meet the processing requirements, collection methods or sites, locations and hours of operation, and a contact person or company, including a name, address and telephone number.
- (b) The requirements specified in Subsection (a) do not apply to the owners of designated agents of multiple-family dwellings if the postconsumer waste generated within the dwelling is treated at a processing facility licensed by the Department of Natural Resources that recovers for recycling the materials specified in Section 8-3-3(a)(5) through (15) from solid waste in as pure a form as is technically feasible.

Sec. 8-3-8 Responsibilities of Owners or Designated Agents of Multiple-Family Dwellings.

- (a) Owners or designated agents of multiple-family dwellings shall do all of the following to recycle the materials specified in Section 8-3-3(a) through (k) and Section 8-3-4:

- (1) Provide adequate, separate containers for the recyclable materials.
 - (2) Notify tenants in writing at the time of renting or leasing the dwelling and at least semi-annually thereafter about the established recycling program.
 - (3) Provide for the collection of the materials separated from the solid waste by the tenants and the delivery of the materials to a recycling facility.
 - (4) Notify tenants of reason to reduce and recycle solid waste, which materials are collected, how to prepare the materials in order to meet the processing requirements, collection methods or site, locations and hours of operation, and a contact person or company, including a name, address and telephone number.
- (b) The requirements specified in Subsection (a) do not apply to the owners or designate agents of multiple-family dwellings if the postconsumer waste generated within the dwelling is treated at a processing facility licensed by the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources that recovers for recycling the materials specified in Section 8-4-3(a)(5) through (15) from solid waste in as pure a form as is technically feasible.

Sec. 8-3-9 Responsibilities of Owners or Designated Agents of Non-Residential facilities and Properties.

- (a) Owners or designated agents of non-residential facilities and properties shall do all of the following to recycle the materials specified in Section 8-3-3(a)(5)-(15):
- (1) Provide adequate, separate containers for the recyclable materials.
 - (2) Notify in writing, at least semi-annually, all users, tenants and occupants of the properties about the established recycling program.
 - (3) Provide for the collection of the materials separated from the solid waste by the users, tenants and occupants and the delivery of the materials to a recycling facility.
 - (4) Notify users, tenants and occupants of reasons to reduce and recycle, which materials are collected, how to prepare the materials in order to meet the processing requirements, collection methods or sites, locations and hours of operation, and a contact person or company, including a name, address and telephone number.
- (b) The requirements specified in Subsection (a) do not apply to the owners or designate agents of non-residential facilities if the postconsumer waste generated within the facility or property is treated at a processing facility licensed by the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources that recovers for recycling the materials specified in Section 8-3-3(a)(5)-(15) from solid waste in as pure a form as is technically feasible.

Sec. 8-3-10 Prohibitions on Disposal of Recyclable Materials Separated for Recycling.

No person may dispose of in a solid waste disposal facility or burn in a solid waste treatment facility any of the materials specified in Section 8-3-3(a)(5)-(15) which have been separated for

recycling, except waste tires may be burned with energy recovery in a solid waste treatment facility.

Sec. 8-3-11 Garbage and Refuse Collection.

- (a) **Definition.** "Garbage" as used in this Section includes all kinds of organic refuse resulting from the preparation of food and all decayed or spoiled food products from any source. Refuse includes paper, tin cans, bottles, rags, ashes and scrap lumber. Items excluded for collection are liquids, oils, greases, acids, gases, waste material resulting from the manufacture of products, and/or other items which the Village Board may determine to be non-collectable. No separation of garbage and refuse shall be necessary, except that recyclables shall be placed pursuant to this Chapter.
- (b) **Collection Rules.** The collection, removal and disposal of garbage and refuse shall be conducted under the supervision of the Village Board and in conformity with the provisions of this Chapter, and with such additional rules and regulations as may be made from time to time by the Village Board.
- (c) **Garbage Containers.**
 - (1) All garbage cans shall be plastic or metal or metal lined and water tight, with fly tight and water tight cover, and shall have a capacity of not less than fifteen (15) gallons, nor more than thirty (30) gallons, and of such weight that one (1) man can carry and empty. Plastic garbage bags shall have similar capacity and shall be of sturdy construction adequate to prevent bursting.
 - (2) Garbage cans must be provided by the owner of the premises in all cases where there are more than two (2) families resident on the premises. Garbage cans must be furnished and used by occupants of all other premises in the Village.
- (d) **Storage and Placement.**
 - (1) Garbage and refuse containers shall be stored on private property only, and shall be concealed from view from the street by an enclosure, solid fence, hedge, or other similar means. Garbage and refuse containers may be stored within view from an alley provided that no property which abuts that alley is zoned residential and further provided that the garbage or refuse container cannot be seen from any other street.
 - (2) On collection days, all scheduled collections shall be made at the curb line, where there are no alleys; and from properties with alleys, collections shall be made at the alley line. At no time will collections be made from the inside of buildings.
 - (3) Containers for refuse and garbage shall not be placed at any pick-up point until 6:00 p.m. the day prior to the scheduled collection date. All containers must be removed by 8:00 a.m. the day after collection.
 - (4) No garbage shall be placed in a garbage can until all water has been drained from the garbage, and the garbage has been securely wrapped in paper.

- (e) **Commercial Establishments.** Garbage and refuse shall be picked up at commercial and industrial establishments once a week in an amount not to exceed four (4) thirty (30) gallon drums from each establishment.
- (f) **Enforcement.** The Police Department may make investigations, review complaints, obtain special inspection warrants pursuant to Sec. 66.0119, Wis. Stats., and do whatever may be reasonably necessary to enforce the provisions hereof.

Sec. 8-3-12 Enforcement.

- (a) For the purpose of ascertaining compliance with the provisions of this Chapter, any authorized officer, employee or representative of the Village of Butler may inspect recyclable materials separated for recycling, postconsumer waste intended for disposal, recycling collection sites and facilities, collection vehicles, collection areas of multiple-family dwellings and non-residential facilities and properties, and any records relating to recycling activities, which shall be kept confidential when necessary to protect proprietary information. No person may refuse access to any authorized officer, employee or authorized representative of the Village of Butler who requests access for purpose of inspection, and who presents appropriate credentials. No person may obstruct, hamper, or interfere with such an inspection.
- (b) Any person who violates a provision of this Chapter may be issued a citation by the Village of Butler Police Department. The issuance of a citation shall not preclude proceeding under any other ordinance or law relating to the same or any other matter. Proceeding under any other ordinance or law relating to the same or any other matter shall not preclude the issuance of a citation under this Subsection.
- (c) Any person who violates this Chapter may be assessed a penalty per Section 1-1-6.